RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1895.

ALMOST A FIGHT.

Breckinridge and Heard Threaten Each Other in the House.

gray-haired man violently struggling

Mr. Breckinridge went over to Mr. Heard's seat, and was seen to engage in a heated conversation with him, of which only the words "scuundrel" and "liar" could be heard more than a few feet away. Then the burly and venerable-looking Kentucklan was seen to unge forward to strike Mr. Heard, but several members threw themselves upon him and prevented a collision by a severe struckle.

vs. Childs, from the Eighth Illinois Dis-trict, was reported from the Committee on Elections, and Mr. Brown, chairman (Democrat), of Indiana, gave notice that he would call it up next Thursday. SPRINGER BILL

be would call it up next Taursoay.

SPRINGER BILL.

The new currency bill prepared by the Committee on Banking and Currency was reported by Mr. Springer and leave given the minority to file their individual views on the measure.

The report accompanying the measure is supplemented by a copy of the President's message, which was read to both houses of Congress on the 28th ultimo. It states that the message sets forth clearly and forcibly the reasons for the passage of the bill.

"The committee," it continues, "could add nothing in fact or argument which would better portray the existing conditions of our financial afairs or more clearly demonstrate the necessity for prompt and patriotic action on the part of Congress in order to secure the needed relief."

The report then summarizes the differ The report then summarizes the different amendments agreed upon by the committee, and concludes as follows: "The extraordinary condition to which the President has referred in his message, and the necessity for immediate action in Mew of the early adjournment of this Dengress, have constrained your committee to concur in reporting the bill with the proposed amendments to the House for its consideration, each member reserving to himself the right to file his separate views thereon, and have them printed with the report of the committee, and vote on the proposed amendments and other amendments which may be offered in the House, and on the final passage of the bill, as he may determine." At 5 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be flevoted to the consideration of private annion bills. ension bills.

EVENING SESSION.

At the evening session five private pension and relief bills were considered in Committee of the Whole and ordered to be favorably reported for the action of the House. Among them was a bill to place at the rate of \$30 a month on the pension-roll the name of Julia E. Lock, who, before her last marriage, was the widow of General Daniel McCook, one of the famous fighting family of that name. It was the first bill of this character that has received favorable action in the House at this Congress.

The consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill by the Senate to-day again involved an interesting financial debate, the principal speaker being Senator Teller, who, referring to Mr. Gorman's remarks yesterday, commented rather vigorously upon the assertions of the Maryland Senator that there was a Treasury deficit of \$109,000,000.

sertions of the Maryland Senator that there was a Treasury deficit of \$190,000,000, and contrasted them with the President's message, saying there was "a comfortable balance" in the Treasury.

Mr. Teller said the surplus was not there, and he thought it was the right of the Senate to be told by the Treasury the truth about the matter.

Mr. Teller's speech was of some length, and several interpolations by senators on either side brought out an expansion of the Colorado's Senator's views, and drew out, as well, the explanation from Senator Gorman that yesterday, when he (as it might have been) used the word "revenue" measure, with the understanding that such would be placed on an appropriation bill, he meant to use the word money. Mr. Gorman disclaimed any proposition to place on an appropriation bill a bill to raise revenue. Mr. Teller said no legislation would go on an appropriation bill with his support.

TELLER APPLAUDED.

TELLER APPLAUDED.

Mr. Teller was applauded upon concluding his speech, the peroration of which was delivered with much impressiveness. Singularly enough, the applause began on the floor. Senator Mitchell starting it, and the gallerles were not slow in showing a sympathetic chord of approval, so that the presiding officer felt called upon to lecture them.

The financial bill for the day was closed by a short speech from Mr. Call (Democrat), of Florids, who deprecated the attacks made upon the President and the Secretary of the Treasury, although he declared himself a believer in the free coinage of silver.

The credentials of Senator Chandler for the golden discovery.

his second term were presented by his colleague, Mr. Gailinger, and placed on file. This action is supposed to mean that the differences that have existed between the two New Hampshire senators from a time beyond the coming to the Senate of Dr. Gailinger have been settled. REESE, OF ALABAMA.

Mr. Allen (Populist), of Nebraska, pre-sented what he called "the credentials of Warren S. Reese, as senator-elect from the State of Alabama," and asked that they be placed on file.

The Vice-President: They will be placed on file.

"This is to certify that on the 28th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 18M, Warren S. Reese was duly elected by the Legislature of Alabama a senator to represent said State in the Senate of the United States for the term of six years commencing on the 4th day of March, 1895. "Witness, his Excellency, our Governor, R. F. Kolh, and our seal, herewith affixed, at Montgomery, Ala., this 8th day of December, 1894.

(Signed) "R. F. KOLB, Governor. "J. C. FONVILLE, Secretary of State." Mr. Gray: I move that that communication be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Alien: Let it take the usual course.

NO SEAL

Mr. McLaurin (Democrat), of Missis-sippl, inquired whether the document had the State seal attached.

FEDERAL DEBT STATEMENT.

tures-Gain Instead of Loss of Gold. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1.-The

ries \$16,136,715, against \$16,137,719 at the end of the preceding month.

A somewhat more encouraging showing than for some months past is made in the official statement of receipts and expenditures for the month of January. The receipts aggregated \$27,804,399, an increase of nearly \$7,000,000 over December last, and nearly \$4,000,000 greater than January, 184. For seven months of the present iscal year the receipts have aggregated \$187,193,857, as against \$15,738,183 for the corresponding seven months of the last fiscal year.

The expenditures for January foot up \$4,523,447, an increase over 1884 of \$3,000,000, and for the seven months of the fiscal year mount to \$22,475,527, or \$1,000,000 less than for the corresponding period of the last fiscal year.

On February 1, 1894, the Treasury expenditures in excess of recepta were \$25,000,000, and on February 1, 1896, they are \$14,000,000 in excess of recepta were \$25,000,000, and on February 1, 180, they are \$14,000,000 in excess of recepta were \$25,000,000, and on February 1, 1896, they are \$14,000,000 in excess of recepta were \$25,000,000, and for the first day in several weeks the Treasury gained instead of lost gold. The net gain for the day was slight, being only \$243,500, but it increase was brought about by the return of \$1,800,000 in gold to the New York SubTreasury by exporters and bankers, who had taken it out earlier in the week. Withdrawals, however, continued on a diminished scale, amounting for the day to \$1,275,500. Of this amount \$1,250,000 was for export. During January only seven tenths of 1 per cent. of the customs receipts at New York, which aggregated \$12,817,827, were paid in gold coin or gold certificates.

SOLICIT'R-GEN, MAXWELL RESIGNS

ment Touching Income-Tax Cases. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1 .- So-

Attorney-General Olney this morning politely declined either to affirm or to deny the report. It is well understood, low-ever, that the resignation of Mr. Maxwell was brought about by personal and official disagreement concerning the income-tax cases now pending in the United States Supreme Court.

The motion to advance the cases, so as to bring the constitutionality of the tax before the Supreme Court immediately, made Monday last by Mr. Bristow, counsel for the plaintiffs, and acquiesced in by Mr. Maxwell on behalf of the United States, is said to have been the immediate cause of disagreement, but all the reasons assigned for the disagreement come either directly or indirectly from Mr. Maxwell or his friends, as Attorney-General Olney declines absolutely to discuss the subject. Some friends of the late Solicitor-General's discredit the story of disagreement, and say that the principal cause of the resignation was the ill-health of his law-partner, Mr. Ramsay, of Cincinnati, and the urgent need of Mr. Maxwell's personal attention to the large law practice of his firm.

CONRAD SOLICITOR-GENERAL.

CONRAD SOLICITOR-GENERAL. The Distinguished Virginian Thus

Promoted by the President. WASHINGTON, February 1.-Th President to-day nominated Holmes Con-rad, of Virginia, to be Solicitor-General,

rad, of Virginia, to be Solicitor-General, and J. M. Dickinson, of Tennessee, to be Assistant Attorney-General.

Mr. Holmes Courad, who was appointed Solicitor-General, is the present Assistant Attorney-General. He is a resident of Winchester, Va., where he practiced law for many years previous to taking his present office. Senator Daniel spoke of the appointment as most fitting, saying that Mr. Conrad was adapted by virtue of education and moral character for the duties of the office.

Mr. Dickinson, nominated to be Assistant Attorney-General, is an able member of the Nashville Bar. He has never held any office, but has been prominent in his profession.

Pay-Inspector L. G. Billings, to be pay

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1 .-Special.)-There seems to be no change in stronger every day at the Capitol that

bably Senator Gorman knows what he thing is likely to be done to swell the

RAILROAD MEETING. eeting of the directors of the pro posed Fredericksburg and Lancaster rail-road was held at the Hotel Varnum this morning, and Congressman Jones and State-Senator Little were among those

present.

Mr. Little says there is every prospect that the road will be built, and that northern capitalists are ready to put their money into the enterprise. He is enthusiastic on the subject, and thinks the projected line will pass through a section of the country which will benefit both the people and the company.

Others present at the meeting, which lasted from 10 o'clock A. M. until 6 P. M., were Messrs. Howard Hathaway, of Lancaster county; State-Senator Washington, of Westmoreland; John E. Mason, of King George; W. McD. Lee, editor Lancaster Citizen; C. M. Ward, of Washington, formerly of Richmond county, and Lloyd T. Smith, of No-thumberland.

The Memorial-bridge backers were at the Capitol in force to-day, and they

Hattie A. Smith was to-day appointed pestmaster at Guinea Mills, Cumberland county, Va., vice J. B. Gilliam, resigned, and W. L. Leonard at Noise,

owing in the least of the post-office at the least of up 1,000 to up 3,000.

The department announces that the following railroad post-office service has been established in Virginia: Washington to Lynchburg, Southern Railway Company, 172,13 miles.

Lynchburg to Danville Junction, Southern Railway Company, 65,52 miles.

Danville Junction (n. c.) to Charlotte, Southern Railway Company, 142,29 miles.

Establish a single dally line of rallway post-office cars, forty feet in length, 'n-side measurement, between all the points

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

Judge McLaughlin, of Lexington, was at the Capitol to-day, and called on Congressman Tucker to see what chance there is of passing the Washington-College relief bill. The two saw a number of members, but the main thing is to quiet Dr. English, of New Jersey, who refuses to permit anything to be called up in the House by unanimous consent. They had a talk with bim this evening, and hope to induce him to favor the bill.

First Regular Train Goes Through It-Electric Apparatus April 1st. BALTIMORE, February 1.—The first regular-schedule train to make a trip through the new belt-line tunnel, which is six miles long, and will cost the Balti-more and Ohio railroad \$7,000,000, left Camden Station shortly before noon to-

more and Onio failroad \$1,00,00, left Camden Station shortly before noon to-day. It was the Philadelphia and New York fast freight, to which a passenger coach was attached for the accommodation of a party of railroad and electric experts.

A great cheer went up from the crowd around the tunnel approach at Camden Station when the train pulled out, and the spectators realized that the tunnel was at last doing something practical in the way of transportation. Work has been in progress on the tunnel for more than four years, and its completion has been expected for a long time.

It is expected to have the electric apparatus in position by April 1st, and the electric motors at work pulling trains through after that time. No steam-engine will be allowed to enter the underground passageway, which will be kept brilliantly lighted and clear from smoke.

The tunnel will be of great value to the Baltimore and Ohio road and the travelling public, as the ferrying of trains across the bay at Canton will be done away with, and passenger trains between Washington and New York will save from twenty to thirty minutes on their present schedule.

Sweet Home."
BERRYVILLE, VA., February 1.—(Spe

cial.)-Mr. Herod Huff, an estimable farmer, living near the Shenandoah river, while driving a loaded four-horse wagon white driving a loaded four-noise wagos from Berryville towards his home met with a very severe accident. His horses became frightened at the sielgh-bells on a horse driven by Mac. Clagett and T. J. Smallwood, and in endeavoring to control

a horse driven by Mac. Clagett and T. J. Smallwood, and in endeavoring to control them Mr. Huff was thrown under the wheels of the wagon, which passed over his body just above the waist, breaking three or four ribs and otherwise injuring him internally. At last accounts his condition, while still critical, was somewhat improved.

Seeing an account in the Dispatch of a few days ago of strange accidents in animal life, reminds me of a most remarkable instance of the effect of music upon animals, as related by a gentleman living in the southern part of this county and vouched for by him. The gentleman referred to says that a few nights ago he was awakened from sleep by the sound of faint, sweet music in his room; that he laid awake for some moments trying to account for such unusual sounds at that hour of night, and finally got up and lighted the lamp, when, looking over into a corner of the room, he discovered a rat, so old that he had turned almost white, sitting up on his haunches, with his tail turned up over his back, and singing at the top of his voice. "Home, Sweet Home." Hardly able to credit his own eyes and ears, he awakened his wife and family, cailed in his father and mother, and they all enloyed for several minutes the impromptu concert until the rat, noticing them, became slarmed and scampered off. The gentleman accounts for this remarkable cultivation of musical talent in the rat in this way: Both himself and his mother play and sing well, and the rat, whom he recognized as an old habitue of the house, must have listened

NO CHANGE APPEARS

OUR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS STILL

AGAINST THE CURRENCY BILL

Gorman, However, It is Thought,

From the days of contractions of the contraction of the chords which will change the squeaks of the rats of to-day-or to-night, rathers.

SEVERE WEATHER.

From the days of contractions on to this.

THE MEXICAN SITUATION.

In Support of the Government.

ST. LOUIS, February 1.—A City of Mexico special to the Globe-Democrat states that various industrial organiza-

NO CENTRAL-AMERICAN ALLIANCE

HOSPITAL DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Burned to Death.
CLEVELAND, O., February 1.—The
Deaconess Hospital, on Jennings avenue,
Southside, was destroyed by fire at noon
to-day, and four persons are known to have been burned to death. The bodies of a child, two men, and a nurse had been recovered at 1 o'clock. It was not known at that hour whether there were any more bodies in the building, and it will not be known until the roll of the saved ones is called. The list of the dead is as follows: William Almayer, Jacob Krause, Annie Baumer, an 8-weeks-old baby.

dead is as follows: William Almayer, Jacob Krause, Annie Baumer, an 8-weeksold baby.

The fire started in the basement, and was caused by a defective furnace. It gained such rapid headway that before the apparatus had responded to the alarm the building was all ablaze. There were about fourteen patients in the hospital, besides a number of employees. The firemen worked bravely, and fought their way to the beds through fire, rescuing many of the patients. The building was a two-story frame structure. Before all the wards could be visited they were compelled to leave the building, to save their own lives.

The attachees of the hospital were so excited that they could do little toward assisting in the rescue of the patients.

DESTITUTION IN HOCKING VALLEY.

Sake of Her Children.

COLUMBUS, O., February 1.—W. H. Smith and John Rauschkolb, president and secretary of the Board of Trade, composed of representative citizens of the Southside, returned to-day from Nelsonville and vicinity, where they had been distributing supplies.

cinity, where they had been distributing supplies.

They say that frightful destitution prevails in the Hocking Valley, and are exceedingly Indignant that reports to the contrary should be circulated. Newspaper accounts have not done justice to the situation. Within two miles of Nelsonville a woman starved to death on Wednesday, having been five days without food. The woman had received assistance from the Nelsonville committee, but had sacrificed her own life for her children.

Messrs. Smith and Rauschkolb confined their investigations to Nelsonville and vicinity. They found forty-four families on Monday with nothing to subsist on. Of these families fifteen were almost at the point of starvation.

Professor Coultrap told them that there were 14.45 persons in the Hocking Valley, and that on Friday the commissary department would be bare, with the exception of flour.

Rain at the Crescent-City Race-

Track-Sen of Slush. NEW ORLEANS, February 1.-Rain set in to-day, and knocked out the attend-ance. The track was in a miserable con-dition, with the horses floundering around in a sea of slush and mud. The talent had in a sea of slush and mud. The talent had a bad time, and picked but one winner out of the five. This was Chauncey, in the second race, the other four going to outsiders, thus making the day a good one for the bookies.

First race—six furlongs, selling—Collins (3 to 1) won, Chenoa second, Ransom third. Time, 1:20 3-4.

Second race—mile and seventy yards, selling—Chauncey (even) won, Bess McDuff second, Joe Woolman third. Time, 1:58.

1.58.
Third race—six furiongs, selling—Tom Kelly 6 to 2) won, Old Dominion second, Foot Runner third. Time, 1.31 3-4.
Fourth race—seven furiongs, selling—Hodson 6 to 1) won, LeGrande second, Satinet third. Time, 1.38 1-2.
Fifth race—six furiongs, selling—Ludlow (4 to 1) won, Fort Worth second, Beauregard third. Time, 1.22 3-4.

LONDON, February 1.—The Duke of Portland has bought the Australian race-lorse Carbine for 13,000 guineas.

LONDON, February 1.-It is undertood that the officers and crew of the British Consul in Rotterdam. They will

emphatically this afternoon that the Crathe one that had struck the Elbe, steam

and crew, 146; postmen, 4; stewardesses, Total, 352. Two pilots were also aboard the vessel.

naking 354 persons in all. Of these 2 were saved. Total loss of life, 334 per GERMAN RELIEF FUND.

GERMAN RELIEF FUND.

BERLIN. February 1.—A committee was formed here to-day, with Dr. von Boetticher, Imperial Minister of the Interior, as president, to appeal to the public for funds for the relief of the families and other dependents of the victima of the Elbe disaster.

THE CRATHIE'S CAPTAIN. THE CRATHIE'S CAPTAIN.
ROTTERDAM. February 1.—Captain
Gordon, of the steamer Crathie, has made
a report to the Lloyds' representatives
here, in which he says he was knocked
down by the shock of the collision of
his ship with what he describes as an
unknown vessel, and when he was able
to get up and reach the deck, the ships
were some distance apart, and in consequence he is unable to give much information in regard to the circumstances
or result of the disaster. The vessel
which the Crathie struck, he says, was
a big steamer, with two funnels and
four masts.

In reply to the question whether he
had taken any steps to save the passen-

In reply to the question whether he had taken any steps to save the passengers and crew of the other ship. Captain Gordon said his own ship was damaged to such an extent that he expected every minute she would sink. She followed to such an extent that he expected every minute she would sink. She followed the other ship for a short time, but found that she went much faster than the Crathle, and therefore he thought she was safe.

THE CRATHIE ARRESTED. THE CRATHIE ARRESTED.

ROTTERDAM, February L.—The North
German Lloyd Steamship Company,
owners of the lost steamer Elbe, have
arrested the British steamer Crathie by
nailing a writ to her mast. This action
was taken preliminary to claiming damages for the sinking of the Elbe by the
Crathle. The Crathie is worth 8,000
pounds, without cargo.

COMMENT IN PARIS

COMMENT IN PARIS. PARIS. February 1.-The greater part PARIS. February 1.—The greater part of the Paris newspaper comment on the loss of the Elbe is unfavorable to the officers and crew of the colliding ship, the Crathle. La Lanterne violently condemns those on board that ship, saying that English seamen are proverbially brutal.

The Figaro and La Lanterne both denounce the British captain, remarking that his conduct was just what might have been expected of an English sailor.

CRITICISM IN LONDON.

CRITICISM IN LONDON.

LONDON, February 1.—The Pall Mall Gazette, in a leading article on the loss of the Elbe says:

"Had the Elbe been a penny-steamer, packed with holiday-makers, we should say nothing; but what shall we say of the loss of a steamship belonging to one of the greatest of transportation lines, where only twenty lives were saved, fifteen of them being of the crew, and only one woman among the total number? Even accepting as true the statements of the surviving members of the crew, why were they scrambling to port while an attempt was being made to lower boats to starboard? Why were the women and children sent to starboard when the list of the ship to port made the use of the starboard-boats impracticable? It is part of a seaman's duty to be drowned in case of need in trying to save the lives of passengers."

QUEEN VICTORIA DISTRESSED.

QUEEN VICTORIA DISTRESSED.

LONDON, February 1.—The Lloyds' agent at Lowestoft has received the following telegram:

The Queen is greatly distressed at the terrible disaster to the steamship Elbe, and will be glad to know the condition of the rescued ones, and to be informed if there is any chance that there may be other survivors."

To this message the agent replied: "The survivors of the Elbe are sincerely grateful for her Majesty's kind inquiry as to their condition. All of them are able to start for London to-day. I fear there is no hope now that any more have been saved."

Judge Grosscup Slips Up.

CHICAGO, ILL., February 1.—Judge Grosscup, this morning, in the Debs trial, denied Attorney John G. Geeting the right to cross-examine winesses, but afterward reconsidered his decision.

C. S. Darrow had just conducted a cross-examination of Edward Spencer,

Two Jap. Torpedo-Boats Sunk, How ever, and an Iron-Clad Disabled.

UNLIMITED APPROVAL TOKIO, February 1.—The Japanes Chamber will resolve unanimously to approve all war expenditures, regardless of amount or date.

ENVOYS WITH ITO

ENVOYS WITH ITO.

LONDON, February I.—A dispatch from Hiroshima to the Central News says that the Chinese peace envoys were received by Premier Ito at the offices of the Prefecture this forenoon. Viscount Mutsu, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and other officials were present, and examined the credentials of the envoys and the members of their suite. Besides the envoys, only two Chinese councilors and two interpreters will be admitted to the conferences. The Japanese Government has appointed Premier Ito and Viscount Mutsu as the representatives of Japan in the peace negotiations.

DEFFENCE OF NANKING.

DEFENCE OF NANKING.

LONDON, February L—The Daily New will say to-morrow, in a leader on New foundland affairs: "Sir William White way was notoriously a victim of the vicince of party feeling. His faults wer chargeable to bad political customs rather than to any individual dishonesty. His return to power is a singular proof of the general sense of his ability and exceptional knowledge of public affairs."

Hon. N. H. R. Dawson, who has been one of the most distinguished figures in Alabama for many years, and was Com-missioner of Education under Cleveland's first administration, died at his home, in Selma, yesterday.

Selma, yesterday.

The House Commerce Committee yesterday adopted a resolution to the effect that the Nicaragua-canal bill previously reported from that committee be adopted by the House as a substitute for the bill which passed the Senate last week.

Street Brothers, Charleston, S. C., con-signees of the steamship Kingdom, from Hamburg, which is reported missing state that they have heard nothing of the vessel since she put in for coal at Shields, which place she left forty-one days ago. Catherine Morrison, aged 25, committed suicide by cutting her throat with a razor in one of the confessional boxes in the Church of the Epiphany. New York city, at 6 o'clock last evening, having been suffering, it is supposed, from religious mania.

non-union men, but not arresting their assailants.

In calling the woman's suffrage convention to order in Atlanta yesterday morning Miss Anthony used a gavet that was made from a plece of wood that grew at Mt. Vernon, culled attention to this fact, and stated that the yellow ribbon attached to the gavel signified wisdom, a virtue that was deficient in the American Congress.

Secretary Lamont, in pursuance of the act of Congress providing for the dedication of the Chickamauga military park September 19th next, has addressed an identical invitation to the Governors of all the States, being the first event of a military character connected with the war to which the Governors of States have been invited.

The French Chamber yesterday adopted Deputy Millerand's motion that the committee appointed to investigate ex-Minister Raynal's connections with the Orleans railway and the Railway of the South, contain thirty-three members, the same number as in the parliamentary investigation of the Panama scandal, the yote being 290 against 256.

A New York paper says Chief-Consul Lecuite of the Ulingia Division of the

yote being 290 against 236.

A New York paper says Chief-Consul Jacquist, of the Illinois Division of the League of American Wheelmen, will propose at the meeting of the National Assembly, February 18th, that the constitution he so amended as erasing the word "white" from the membership rule, which change will provoke great dissatisfaction in the ranks of the organization.

In the ranks of the organization.

Dr. Shaw created a sensation in the Woman's Suffrage Convention at Atlanta yesterday by stating that she considered the criticism of Rev. Dr. Hawthorne beneath the notice of the convention, "since he had refused to give any reason for his attack upon a body of strangers, and doubtless because he was not in the habit of entertaining logical reasoning on any subject."

of entertaining logical reasoning on any subject."

Miss Mary Handy Wilson, daughter of the late United States Senator Ephraim K. Wilson, and Professor J. Edward White, principal of the public High School at Snow Hill, Worcester county, Md., were married Thursday evening in one of the parlors of the Hotel Renner, Baltimore, Rev. Mailthy D. Babcock, pastor of Brown Memorial church, Baltimore, tying the nuptial knot.

The action of the Washington State Republican caucus Thursday night was formally ratified in joint session of the Legislature yesterday, Congressman John L. Wilson, of Spokane, being elected United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by failure to elect a successor to John B. Allen two years ago, the vote standing: Wilson (Republican), 99; J. H. Westcott (Populist), 24.

The recounting of ballots in the con-

Westcott (Populist), 24.

The recounting of ballots in the contested-election case of Dr. William S. Booze (Republican) against Congressman Harry Welles Rusk (Democrat) was continued at Baltimore vesterday, the first six precincts of the First Ward being counted, and Dr. Booze making a net gain of il votes, but in order to win the contest Dr. Booze will have to make an average gain of six and a fraction in each of the eighty-one precincts.

The Baltimore grand jury yesterday presented General-Managers James F. Heyward, of the City and Suburban Railway Compuny; William House, of the Baltimore Traction Company, and Lawrence N. Prederick, of the Lake-Boland Line, for violating the fender ordinance, which was adopted some months ago, and required that every rapid-transit car of train should be equipped with fenders before January the 18th last.

NOTICE OF DIVORCE.

cial.)—The Republicans in the Legicla-ture have virtually given notice to the will be held until the Republicans get things to suit them.

tutional, and an abridgment of the rights of a citizen.

The Supreme Court meets next Monday. It will devote a day or two to examinations of applicants for attorney's licenses. Wyatt Perry, the murderer of Tom Balley, in this county, who escaped with a fifteen-year sentence, has been placed in the pentientiary.

An earnest canvass for subscriptions to the endowment of the Women's Baptist State University is in progress.

A 400-gallon illicit distillery was destroyed in Johnston county day before yesterday. It was the largest ever captured in this district.

A GERRYMANDER.

tured in this district.

A GERRYMANDER.

The local Fusionists last night arranged for a gerrymander of Raleigh's wards, which will give their party a majority

of aldermen.

The Republicans say that in the last

building, formerly a flouring-mill, was burned.

The receiver of the First National Bank, of Wilmington, announces that a final dividend of 10 per cent., and perhaps 15 per cent., will be paid, and the bustness settled up.

Raleigh's contribution to the Nebraska sufferers in the shape of a car-load of flour, meal, and cloth, left here to-day. Horse Sales—Tobacco Culture.

SCOTLAND NECK, N. C., February 1.—
(Special.)—It is noticeable here that there have not been as many horses sold this season as usual. A horse-dealer of a neighboring town which has a great tobacco market remarked to your correspondent yesterday that his horse trade has been good this season. He thinks it is because tobacco-men are better able to buy horses than cotton-farmers. One thing that explains why so few horses are now sold here is the fact that many river-farmers are converting much of their land into pastures, and are raising their own stock.

into pastures, and are raising their own stock.

Your correspondent has observed that many of the tobacco-raisers are leaving Granville and Person counties, where to-bacco has been cultivated for many years. Upon interrogating them as to why they are leaving the regular tobacco counties to come east to plant tobacco, they answer that the lands in those counties do not produce the fine grade tobaccos that can be grown here. They say that a few years ago they could cultivate it there, but cannot now.

Mr. C. W. Carter, of Greensboro' has been here two days on a visit to E. E. Hilliard and family.

THE GOLD SITUATION.

Return of the Yellow Metal to the Treasury-Government Gain. NEW YORK, February 1.-There were pers who intended exporting the metal by to-morrow's steamers were prevented by the drop in sterling exchange, and returned some of the gold to the Sub-Treasury. The amount returned was \$1.90,000, of which \$1,200,000 was for the account of Lazard Freres. One firm returned \$450,000, and another \$50,000. L. Von Hoffman & Co. have also given notice that they will return \$1,000,000.

It is figured that the government will save \$4,000,000 in gold owing to the cancellation of shipments. So far as known, Hoskier & Co. will export \$46,000, this gold having been put on board before the break in the sterling exchange market. There will be forwarded \$90,000 on a special order.

At one time to-day the engagements were \$5,000,000. During the week the withdrawais from the Sub-Treasury were \$11.50,000 for export, and \$2,402,475 for domestic purposes. Total, \$14,072,475.

They Are Non-come-at-ible, and

This May Land Somebody in Jail.

PEORIA. ILL., February I.—All the books and records of the Whiskey Trust are locked up in the company's vauit, in the office here, and the man who holds the combination is in Chicago. This state of affairs is very likely to land some one in jail, and to lead to sensational features when the trust case comes up for a hearing in Judge Grosscup's court, in Chicago, to-morrow. Judge Grosscup's court, in the company should be allowed access to the books. When Mr. Bijur, the New York counsel of the majority stockholders, to-day made formal demand to see the books, he was told that they were locked up, and that the only man who knew the combination was out of town.

ciers regarding the financial situation. Whatever authority is vested in him is unknown. The issue of bonds contemplated is not known, as far as the amount is concerned, and it is thought here that the return of the Assistant Secretary will straighten out this matter, should as issue be decided upon, almost immediately. diately, BRITISH SENTIMENT. BRITISH SENTIMENT.

LONDON, February 2.—The Standard
says that a United States currency loan
will not be taken by the public here, and
ought not to be taken.

THREE CENTS PER COPY.

Negro Shot and Instantly Killed-

NAVAL CHANGES.

Orders have been received at the navy-yard appointing Mr. William Easby chief clerk of the Ordinance Department, and appointing Mr. J. C. Little to the Department of Supplies and Accounts in the general store.

It is thought the United States steamer Minneapolis will go to New York to-morrow to take on Pocahontas coal, and then go to the Gulf with the squadron of evolution.

The schooner James Ives, from Norfolk to Providence with a cargo of coal, went ashore on the coast of Delaware, and was lost.

Postmaster Sullivan testified that the Atlantic-Avenue Railroad Company, on which the mail signs are used, is a mail route, under cortract, and that men were sent with mail matter upon any of the cars of the line. The case was not concluded.

The application of James O'Conneil for an order calling upon the Atlantic-Avenue Railroad Company to show cause for not running the usual number of cars on their road was argued before Justice Gaynor in Brooklyn this afternoon. Lawyer Whitehouse, for the company, said that every car that was in condition was being run. The other cars, he said, had been disabled by strikers and were in the repair-shops. Decision was reserved.

General-Manager Cundie, of the Kings County Elevated railway, who surprised most of his employees when the late troiley strike began by raising the wages of all men getting \$1.60 at day or over 10 per cent, surprised them again to-day by reducing their salaries to the old figure.

DOVER, DEL., February 1.—Three additional ballots for United States Senater were taken to-day, all resulting as follows: Higgins, 9; Addicks, 6; Massey, 4; Wolcott (Democrat), 6; John R. Nicholson (Democrat), 2; Tunnell (Democrat), 1, Absent, 2.

Shortly before 3 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was turned in from the private box at the Richmond Cedar-Works, where a small blase had made its appearance. The dames were taken in care of, and the damage done could not have been serious, though it could not be ascertained exactly. Nat Goodwin in Norfolk.

Nat Goodwin in Norfolk.

The following telegram, received here last night, explains itself:
NORFOLK, VA., February 1st.
Thomas G. Leath, Manager Academy of Music, Richmond, Va.:
Goodwin, in "A Glided Fool," packed the house to-night, and made a great hit.

One of the greatest inventions of the age—the only one in this country—can be seen at Chris, Zvensen's, next to Dispatch office. It is called "Sweet Marie."
Ask to see it. Hot locent Lunch every day from 11 to 6 P. M.

Money in your pocket by buying a Winter Business Suit now. Am closing them out at very low prices until March 1st.

1004 cast Main street.

John Bowers

will on next Monday, February 4th, begin a revolution in the stove business. It is an evident fact that the steel Range has already superseded the old cast-iron stoves in most States. Knowing this, and wishing to give my trade the latest improvements 't the cooking line, I have, after several years' sale of the Majestic Steel Range, and having choice of almost everything made, decided on the Majestic, and have placed a full line on my floor, and will begin a grand cooking exhibit, to which I invite the ladies of Richmond. A nice lunch will be served to all. Remember the date—February 4th.

Fine Grand Square Kuabe Piano This Piano was originally sold by us, and has been accepted as part pay for a fancy case Upright Piano. The instrument actually sold for cash at \$500. It can be bought at a sacrifice. The case, tose, and general condition almost warrants it in being called a new Piano. We guarantee it fully. Call and see and hear it.

MANLY B. RAMOS & CO., \$60. Main street.